ANTIMICROBIAL FINISH TREATMENT OVER THE COTTON FABRIC

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Abstract - Bio shield AM 500 3-(trimethoxy silyl)- propyl - dimethyl octadecyl ammonium chloride is coated over cotton textures through an injection pad bunch methodology. In this methodology the inside solvent driving force to assess its application is tough against microbial completion. The Anti-microbial exercises of the Bio shield AM 500 rewarded cotton textures under survey quantitatively against AATCC 147 by 2 test strategy. The Turbidity kept up more than 187 altogether in the wake of being introduced to 15 progressive home washing conditions. The antimicrobial compensated perspiration test was gone after microbial action and the 189 was its turbidity result.

Key Words: Bio shield AM 500 3-(trimethoxy silyl)- propyl - dimethyl octadecyl ammonium chloride, Nutrient broth, Gram Staining, Turbidity.

1. INTRODUCTION

In Present days world the vast majority of us are cognizant about our cleanliness and tidiness. Articles of dressing and material are not simple bearers of microbes, for instance micro organisms, aroma making minuscule creatures and shape parasites, yet moreover incredible medium in sense of advancement of the microbes. Pathogenic invasion presents risk to both the issues. Stinkiest smell structure inside the pieces of clothing, for instance, socks, spread of ailments, recoloring and defilement of materials are a bit of the negative effects of hazardous microorganisms. Regardless of the way that the usage of disinfectant, it is simply in the progressing on completing materials against microbial blends. Against microbes fulfillment is continuous progression with wraps up. Consumers, now logically aware of the sterile lifestyle and there is a need and want for a wide extent of material things completed antimicrobial properties. This fulfillment hinders the advancement of minuscule life forms and things accomplished its condition pleasing and prosperity guaranteeing, block diseases. Moreover keeps clothes with upsetting fragrance. The assessments of antimicrobial finishing coating textures are dissected. But consequence of this action depends upon technique AATCC 147 which assessing antimicrobes viability.

2. EXPERIMENT

The substrate used for this finish should be under gone Scouring (to enhance absorbency)and Bleaching(To enhance brightness).

- Size of the Fabric Sample : 70x 70
- Count of the Yarn in sample : 60s Combed X 60s Combed
- Gram per Square Meter of fabric : 180
- Weave type of the Sample : Plain

2.1 CHEMICALS

Bio shield AM 500 is a fluid arrangement of silicon quaternary ammonium salt, the key fixing in 3 - (trimethoxy silyl) - propyl - dimethyl octadecyl ammonium chloride.
3. ANTIMICROBIAL FINISH

3.1. PRE-TREATMENT
1. The sample is processed with 3g/l acidic corrosive at 75°C for 10 minutes with H2O.
2. Alcohol proportion is 1:30. The sample is subjected for virus wash for 6 minutes.
3. PH is kept up at Neutral(7).

3.2. FINISH APPLICATION ON SAMPLE
The sample surface is processed with bio shield AM 500, with 3 concentrations like 2%, 4% and 6% independently at room temperature for half an hour with H2O. The liquid quantity is 1:9. Then sample undergone stream for drying about 6 min. The PH is kept in the range of 5. At last, surface tests then pursued for antimicrobial action by test strategies.

4. ASSESSMENT OF ANTI MICROBIAL FINISH
The Assessment is finished surface is subjected by the American Association for Testing Chemicals and Colorist AATCC 147 going with evaluation and finished to assess the antimicrobes
1. Gram staining
2. Turbidity test

4.1. GRAM STAINING
Nutrient broth
It is a nutritive media, it assists with developing microscopic organisms with the essential fixings in a stock which investigates with microorganisms. The stock set up with fixings like
- H2O - 95ml
- Peptone - 0.1 gram
- C19H14O2 - 0.1 gram
- Beef extract - 0.2 gram
- Common Salt - 0.4 gram
This arrangement kept with disinfected for 10 min at 13000°C and it is permitted to room temperature After that the texture will be submerged stock about 1 day.

Gram staining
Following 1 day growth of supplement stock, the use of Immunization needle suspends the growth of the stock. After that moved for detailed view by set in glass plate. The coat is applied and fixed through heating. After, it is processed under action like valuable stone violet then put aside for 60 secs. Next they are flushed by refined H2O what's more, 3 drips of iodine incorporated, put aside for 1 min. Then the colour is removed with any drips of Liquor. Since tremendous proportion changes from gram positive cell even to negative. In the wake of including it, Liquor is cleaned with H2O then safranin incorporated after put aside for 60 secs. Again rinsed and air dried and saw through amplifying focal point. Microorganisms recolored through this methodology. Gram positive microorganisms it holds violet concealing and the Gram negative microbes recolored by sarafnin and therefore appear to be pink in concealing.

4.2. TURBIDITY TEST
The Test of Turbidity is the abstract assessment to locate the pathogens development under microscope. The evaluated reports based on the rate of turbidity of the used medium which is controlled by amount of light. If turbidity diminishes, as the pathogens development lessens accompanies the expansion of grouping of the antimicrobial. Finally the rate of turbidity reduces as the microbes growth reduces.
Table-1: Turbidity rate of the samples

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Concentration (%)</th>
<th>Turbidity rate</th>
<th>Sample1</th>
<th>Sample2</th>
<th>Sample3</th>
<th>Sample4</th>
<th>Sample5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Untreated sample</td>
<td></td>
<td>284</td>
<td>286</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>283</td>
<td>280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 % treated</td>
<td></td>
<td>257</td>
<td>253</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>258</td>
<td>254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 % treated</td>
<td></td>
<td>233</td>
<td>236</td>
<td>231</td>
<td>238</td>
<td>235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 % treated</td>
<td></td>
<td>190</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>188</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After 10 washes</td>
<td></td>
<td>188</td>
<td>187</td>
<td>186</td>
<td>192</td>
<td>188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>After 15 washes</td>
<td></td>
<td>187</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>189</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweat sample (un treated)</td>
<td></td>
<td>455</td>
<td>479</td>
<td>445</td>
<td>466</td>
<td>459</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweat sample (treated)</td>
<td></td>
<td>193</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>192</td>
<td>187</td>
<td>188</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The Bacterial Reduction rate from the Turbidity test evaluated is tabulated below.

Table-1: Turbidity rate and Concentrations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Rate of Turbidity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2%</td>
<td>284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4%</td>
<td>268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6%</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The lessening in rate of turbidity when increase in concentration. The discoveries in examination uncovers about 6% grouping against microbes rewarded textures saw as successful. It would be utilized for healthy and social insurance purpose. These microscopic organisms in the texture are gram positive (rate of turbidity esteem 183 shows, 183 microorganisms) won’t bring on any issue to people.

6. CONCLUSIONS

A fascinating assortment of antimicrobial finishing is accessible. In any case, impediments are conceivable to give adequate execution, condition benevolent traits, and cost requirements. Majority of inorganic antimicrobial agents are poisonous, expected issue to corrupt in condition, restrained a restricted scope of microorganisms and have poor washing toughness; however nearly natural operators have lower adverse effects. Despite the washing solidness challenge associated with natural plants based antimicrobial finishes; they are widely accepted.
antimicrobial agents for materials getting done with their eco-friendly and non-poisonous qualities. Utilization of plant based nano-particle antimicrobial agents has been developing in many different fields primarily because of their propelled attributes and assurance against pathogens as correlation with ordinarily utilized biocides and such worth included completions may give sustainable health care applications in textiles

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