Implementation of password based Interactive Voice Response system for three phase motor controlling using GSM modem on microcontroller platform.

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Abstract - This project is password protected Control system where we can start and shut down the system when we want. That’s the main difference between controlled and uncontrolled system. As the name suggest control is for controlling the three-phase motor from remote place by using GSM mobile with password based Interactive Voice Response. we used GSM network because it world-wide and operate our motor also transferring feedback Information through it thus the use of GSM network we don’t need to establish extra equipment for networking and for more safety operation we provide unique identification password number system, And also Interactive voice response give reply to caller, that Please enter your password, If password is correct then reply please press 1 for ON the motor or Please press 2 for OFF the motor. In agricultural sector for smart village, we hope our project is become user friendly and cost effective to operate 3-phase motor and give its controlling. So, former can operate their 3-phase motor any time at any place with acknowledgment.

Key Words: Interactive voice response system (IVRS), APR 9300, Global system for mobile communication (GSM), microcontroller, higher current relay.

1. INTRODUCTION

The Interactive Voice Response (IVR) System serves as a bridge between people and computer databases by connecting the telephone network with the database. The IVR system uses the pre-recorded or computer generated voice responses to provide information in response to an input (given by means of touch tone signal, when a caller presses a key of his mobile) from a telephone caller. A microcontroller we used is 89S52 is to perform I/O operations and to implement special features like counting external pulses, performing serial data transferring or connecting chip to a computer to update the software Embedded system means a processor is embedded into the required application. An embedded product uses a microprocessor or microcontroller to do one task only. In an embedded system, there is only one application software that is typically burned into ROM. A GSM modem is a specialized type of modem which accepts a SIM card, and operates just like a mobile phone [1]. A wireless modem sends and receives data through radio waves. The relay driver used ULN2003 is a monolithic high voltage and high current Darlington transistor arrays. It has 7 pairs of Darlington transistors each rated at 500mA and can withstand the peak currents up to 600mA. The APR9600 voice module offers true single chip voice recording, non-volatile storage and playback capability for 40 to 60 seconds. This design uses an APR9600 voice as a core of the circuit and realizes the function of auto recording and playing back. Liquid Crystal Display is a flat panel display or other electronic visual display that uses the light modulating properties of liquid crystal LCDs are available to display arbitrary images with low information content. In this project, we use LCD to show the commands which the micro controller is performing.

1.1 Existing System

Home automation and industrial automation are types of automation where systems use wireless transmission technologies like Bluetooth, WI-FI to send commands to a set of applications or machines and hence these machines respond to them accordingly. Keeping in view these factors, the proposed system intends to be used for home automation as well as industrial automation. It will use GSM technology as a transmission medium to send commands to a set of applications. The GSM technology has the advantage of a worldwide range compared to other transmission technologies which are usually limited to a range of few 100 meters Initially the loads existing at remote locations are controlled by making a call to the sim presented in GSM module. It is considered to a better practice if there exists only single load but in practical scenario multiple loads will be existing which are to be controlled based up on requirements. In that case it is not possible to keep individual GSM modules to each and every load for controlling purpose. So the existing system is being added with Interactive Voice Response (IVRS) which is used to control multiple loads by single GSM module.

1.2 PROPOSED SYSTEM

The system mainly consists of three sections i.e., GSM Module, Voice module, microcontroller and relay driver.
2. Components:

2.1 GSM Module
A GSM modem is a specialized type of modem which accepts a SIM card, and operates over a subscription to a mobile operator, just like a mobile phone. From the mobile operator perspective, a GSM modem looks just like a mobile phone. A wireless modem behaves like a dial-up modem.

![Figure 1: GSM module](image)

2.2 Voice Module
Voice module is an important part of a system to inaugurate IVRS which affords real time communication. Rendering to the user command a suitable response which is a pre-recorded voice message is produced and transmitted to user via GSM network. The voice module APR9600 used is a true single chip voice recording IC with playback capability of 40 to 60 seconds. APR9600 is a low-cost high performance sound record/playback IC incorporating flash analogue storage technique. Recorded sound is retained even after power supply is removed from the module. The replayed sound exhibits high quality with a low noise level. Sampling rate for a 60 second recording period is 4.2 kHz that gives a sound record/playback bandwidth of 20Hz to 2.1 kHz.

![Figure 2: Voice module](image)

2.3 Microcontroller AT89S52
This hardware implementation employs the 8-bit microcontroller from ATMEL (AT89S52). The microcontroller is used for transmit and receive signals from the GSM modem and also transmit the signals to the relay driver, and the corresponding channels of the voice modem. The AT89S52 provides the following standard features: 8Kbytes of flash, 256 bytes of RAM, 32 I/O lines [5]. In addition, the AT89S52 is designed with static logic for operation down to zero frequency and supports two software selectable power saving modes. The Idle Mode stops the CPU while allowing the RAM, timer/counters, serial port, and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power down Mode saves the RAM contents but freezes the oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next hardware reset. By combining a versatile 8-bit CPU with Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel AT89S52 is a powerful microcomputer which provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

2.4 Relay Driver
Relay Driver ULN2003 is a high voltage, high current Darlington transistor array containing seven open collector Darlington pairs with common emitters. It consists of seven NPN Darlington pairs that feature high voltage outputs with common cathode clamp diodes for switching inductive loads. The collector current rating of a single Darlington pair is 500 mA.

2.5 Hardware Implementation
A power supply of 230V, 50Hz is given to the power supply unit. It is given to the step down transformer. The transformer is selected such that its output range is from 10V to 12V. Then it is transformed to the rectifier (we use a bridge rectifier) to get DC supply since microcontroller and GSM modem works on DC supply. The power taken from the rectifier is given to the voltage regulator to avoid voltage drops. The GSM modem needs 12V DC whereas microcontroller needs 5V DC. In GSM modem we insert a SIM card and another SIM is inserted in the user mobile phone such that we can interact. Loads (DC motor and two bulbs used in the kit) are connected to the microcontroller by means of relay module and relay driver. Since microcontroller provides very low current which is insufficient to open or close the relay. So we use relay driver to boost up the power such that relay can operate according to the commands given by the microcontroller. In this system we are using an IVR that means before operating the loads we have already recorded the voices in 8 channels of the voice module.

3. Block Diagram of GSM Based IVRS System

![Figure 3: Block diagram of GSM based IVRS system](image)
4. OPERATION OF PROJECT:

A 230V AC supply is given to a step down transformer of (12-0-12) V rating. The stepped down voltage is given to a diode bridge rectifier which converts the stepped down voltage into pulsating DC. This voltage will be converted into fixed DC using a capacitor filter. A voltage regulator further modifies the voltage to 5V fixed DC. This 5V is required to operate the microcontroller. In order to operate the GSM modem we are giving a 12v dc. We are using a relay driver in between the micro controller and the relay because the output of the micro controller 5v with too little current delivery and is not possible to operate the relay. The system uses a GSM modem (SIM900) interfaced to the microcontroller (AT89S52) through a TTL logic. A SIM card will be inserted to the GSM modem. The system uses a GSM modem (SIM900) interfaced to the microcontroller (AT89S52) through a TTL logic.

The system uses a GSM modem (SIM900) interfaced to the microcontroller (AT89S52) through a TTL logic. A SIM card will be inserted to the GSM modem. When the GSM modem receives a call from any cell phone, it will communicate that information to the microcontroller through the transmitter and the micro controller receives this signal through the receiver then the microcontroller will process the command and it will drive the relays connected to the loads through the relay driver ULN2003. Loads are turned ON/OFF corresponding to the command sent to the GSM modem. Press “1” Motor will be turned ON.

In this system we are using an interactive voice response that means before operating the loads we have already recorded the voices in the 8 channels of the voice module [6]. Whenever we have called the corresponding SIM we can hear the voices then we can operate the required load simply by pressing the corresponding keys in the mobile phone after that the operator can hear either the load is on or off.

5. APPLICATIONS & ADVANTAGES

I. It is used to motor Control
II. It is used for the agricultural purpose
III. It can used to monitor the motor Parameter.
IV. It can be used to on and off devices

6. ADVANTAGES:

I. Speed of the controller is high an accuracy
II. Device will be on only by authorized Person.
III. The controlling of the Motor is easy
IV. If any Phase is absent then it will not on the motor
V. If water is absent then motor will be Automatically off
VI. If Network is Not Present it will give the message
VII. It gives the runtime status of the Motor

7. CONCLUSION:

Finally by using this hardware implementation the loads can be operated through a mobile phone by following the voice commands as shown in the results. According to the proposed system, the load can be operated even if the person is out of home. Hence we can minimize the electricity bill by turning the loads off when not in uses even if the person is not near the home.

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BIOGRAPHIES

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