

FABRICATION OF PORTABLE PAINT SPRAYER MACHINE

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Abstract - The Portable Paint Sprayer Machine is a compact and efficient device designed to provide uniform and smooth painting on various surfaces. The primary objective of this project is to develop a lightweight and user-friendly painting system that minimizes manual effort, reduces time consumption, and enhances coating quality. The machine works on the principle of atomization where paint is converted into fine droplets using compressed air or pressure and sprayed evenly through a nozzle.

The fabricated model consists of a compressor or pump, a paint container, a spray gun, a hose pipe, and a supporting frame. The portable design allows easy movement and operation in different locations. Compared to traditional brush and roller methods, this machine ensures faster application, better surface finish, and reduced paint wastage.

Keywords: Portable Paint Sprayer, Atomization Compressed Air, Spray Gun, Nozzle

1. INTRODUCTION

Painting is an essential finishing process used to protect surfaces from corrosion, improve appearance, and increase durability. Traditional painting methods using brushes and rollers are time-consuming, require skilled labor, and often result in uneven coating. To overcome these limitations, paint spraying techniques have been widely adopted in industries and domestic applications.

1.1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

Traditional painting methods such as brushes and rollers require more time, labor, and effort, and often result in uneven coating and paint wastage. In large surfaces like walls, furniture, and vehicles, manual painting reduces productivity and increases overall cost.

1.2 OBJECTIVES

The main objective of this project is to design and fabricate a portable paint sprayer machine that is compact, lightweight, and easy to operate. The project aims to provide a uniform and smooth paint coating on different surfaces while reducing manual effort and painting time. It

also focuses on minimizing paint wastage and improving efficiency compared to the traditional brush and roller method.

II. COMPONENTS AND DESCRIPTION

Frame

A Frame is often a structural system that supports other components of a physical construction, and a steel frame that limits the construction extent. The frame acts as the supporting structure of the portable paint sprayer machine.



Figure1 frame

Electric air pump

The electric air pump is the heart of the portable paint sprayer machine. It generates compressed air required to atomize and spray paint uniformly onto surfaces. The pump draws atmospheric air, compresses it through a hose to the sprayer gun.



Figure 2. Electric air pump

Air tank

The air tank is a storage vessel used to hold compressed air generated by the electric air pump in a paint sprayer system. It maintains a constant pressure, ensuring a smooth and continuous flow of air to the spray gun. By storing air, it allows efficient and consistent paint application

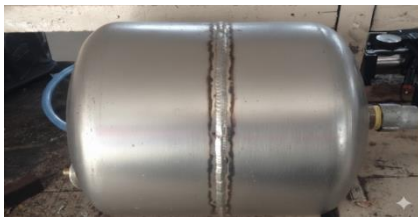


Figure 3. Air tank

Pressure gauge

A pressure gauge is an instrument used to measure and display the pressure of air or fluid within a system. It provides a visual indication of system pressure, allowing the operator to monitor and maintain safe and optimal operating conditions.



Figure 4. Pressure gauge

Ball valve

A ball valve is a type of flow control device that uses a spherical ball with a hole through its center to start, stop, or regulate the flow of air, water, or fluid within a system. It provides a quick and reliable method of controlling flow with minimal leakage.



Figure 5. Ball valve

Gun sprayer

A gun sprayer is the main application tool in a paint spraying system, designed to atomize paint and deliver it evenly onto a surface. It converts the pressurized paint and air mixture into fine droplets, ensuring smooth and uniform coating.



Figure 6. Gun sprayer

CAD MODEL

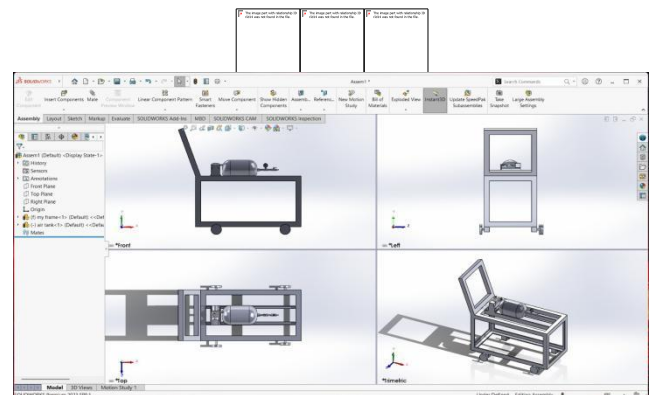


Figure 7. CAD MODEL

III. WORKING PRINCIPLE

The portable paint sprayer machine works on the principle of paint atomization using pressure or compressed air. Paint is stored in a container and supplied to the spray gun through a pipe. When the machine operates, the compressor or pump generates pressure that pushes the paint towards the nozzle.

IV. ADVANTAGES

The portable paint sprayer machine offers several advantages compared to traditional painting methods. It provides a smooth and uniform paint coating on surfaces, which improves the overall finish quality. The machine helps to reduce manual effort and saves a significant amount of time during painting operations

V. APPLICATIONS

The portable paint sprayer machine is widely used in various industries for efficient and uniform painting. It is commonly used in the construction industry for painting walls, ceilings, and buildings. In the automobile industry, it is used for vehicle body painting and finishing. The machine is also used in furniture manufacturing for applying paint or polish on wooden surfaces.

VI. FUTURE SCOPE

The portable paint sprayer machine has great potential for future development with the advancement of technology. In the future, more efficient and lightweight models can be developed using advanced materials and improved design. The use of battery-powered and cordless systems can increase portability and ease of use.

CONCLUSION

The fabrication of the portable paint sprayer machine successfully demonstrates the application of mechanical, electrical, and fluid flow principles in developing an efficient and user-friendly painting system. The machine is designed to provide uniform paint application, reduce, and minimize paint wastage.

VII. REFERENCES

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